

# Bank of Queensland

*Full year results*

*31 August 2011*



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# Agenda

- ▶ **Result highlights**

**Ram Kangatharan**

Acting CEO and Chief Operating Officer

- ▶ **Financial results & portfolio details**

**Ewan Cameron**

Chief Financial Officer

- ▶ **Strategy and outlook**

**Ram Kangatharan**

Acting CEO & Chief Operating Officer

# Result highlights

*Ram Kangatharan*

*Acting CEO and Chief Operating  
Officer*



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# Result highlights

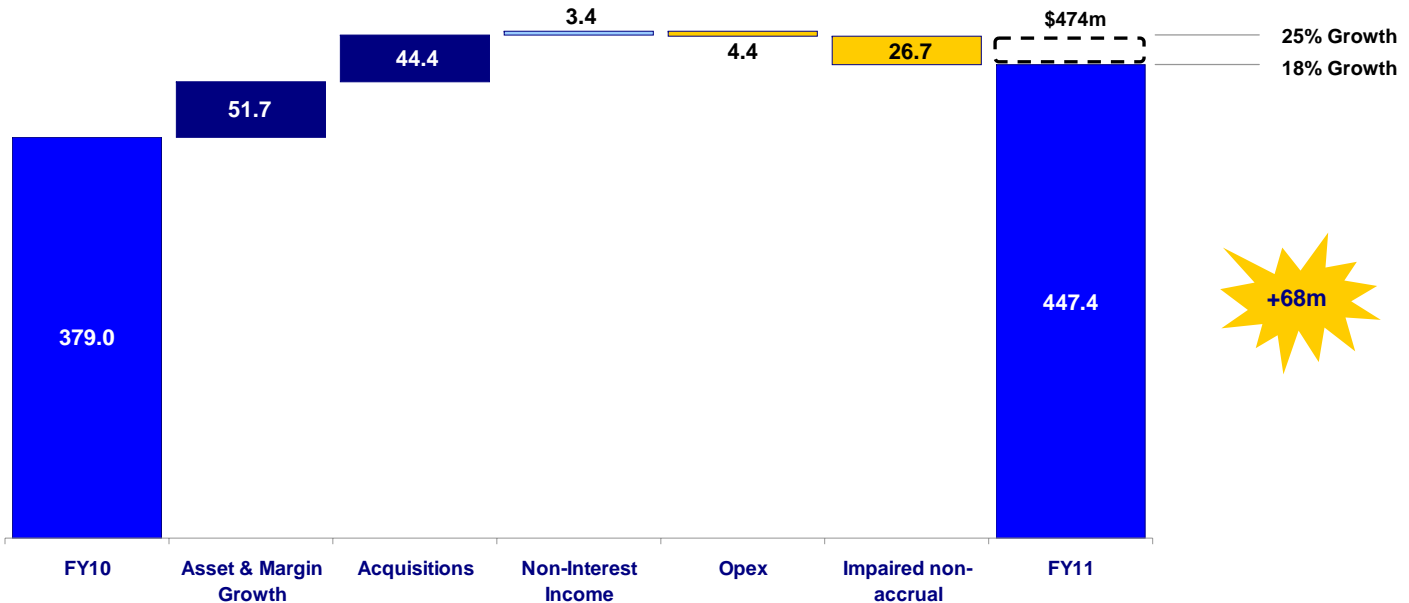
- ▶ Normalised underlying profit up 18% at \$447m
- ▶ Reduction in 2H11 bad debt expense; Collective provisions strengthened with all of 1H Flood & Economic Overlay collective preserved at year end
- ▶ Cost-to-income ratio 44.5% beat guidance
- ▶ Continued growth above System
- ▶ EF business turnaround complete, lowest arrears in two years
- ▶ Integration of CIT Aust. & NZ and St Andrew's Insurance completed, organic generation of capital enhanced
- ▶ Capital and liquidity levels remain strong, \$550m GG Debt repaid early
- ▶ Dividend growth resumed with 8% increase in Final dividend vs. interim

# Underlying earnings momentum

|  | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> |          |
|--|-------------|-------------|----------|
| Normalised Underlying profit           | \$379.0m    | \$447.4m    | ▲ 18%    |
| Normalised cash NPAT                   | \$197.0m    | \$176.6m    | ▼ (10%)  |
| Statutory profit                       | \$181.9m    | \$158.7m    | ▼ (13%)  |
| Cash EPS (normalised fully diluted)    | 83.4¢       | 69.8 ¢      | ▼ (14¢)  |
| Ordinary dividend                      | 52¢         | 54¢         | ▲ 2¢     |
| Loan growth* (pcp)                     | 11%         | 4%          | ▼ (7)pts |
| Retail deposit growth (pcp)            | 11%         | 12%         | ▲ 1pt    |
| Normalised Net interest margin         | 1.60%       | 1.65%       | ▲ 5bps   |
| Cost-to-income ratio (normalised cash) | 45.8%       | 44.5%       | ▲ 1.3%   |

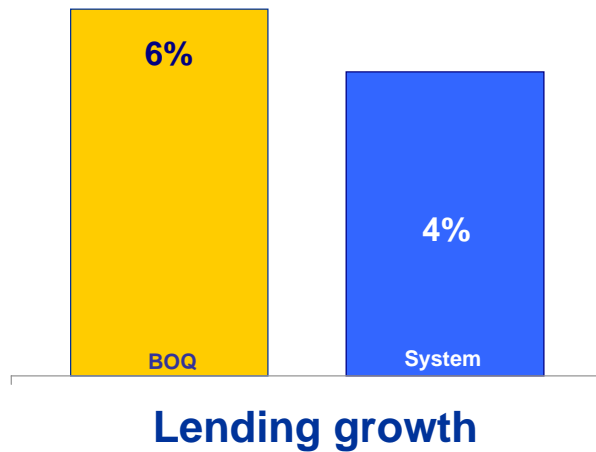
# Key drivers of strong underlying profits

- ▶ Strong earnings growth year on year (acquisitions 12 vs 2 months contribution), masked by impaired assets spike

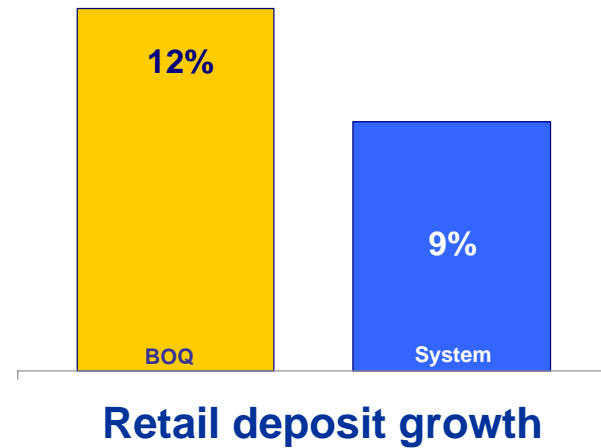


# Growth ahead of system

▶ Lending growth: ~1.4 system\*



▶ Deposit growth: ~1.5x system

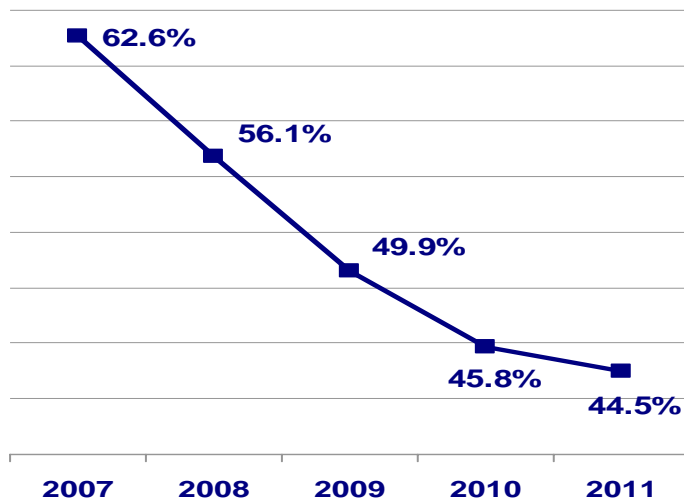


\* Last 12 months  
Source: APRA data (GLA + Val of HL Securitised). Excludes Leasing (-\$220m).  
Bank of Queensland Limited ABN 32 009 656 740

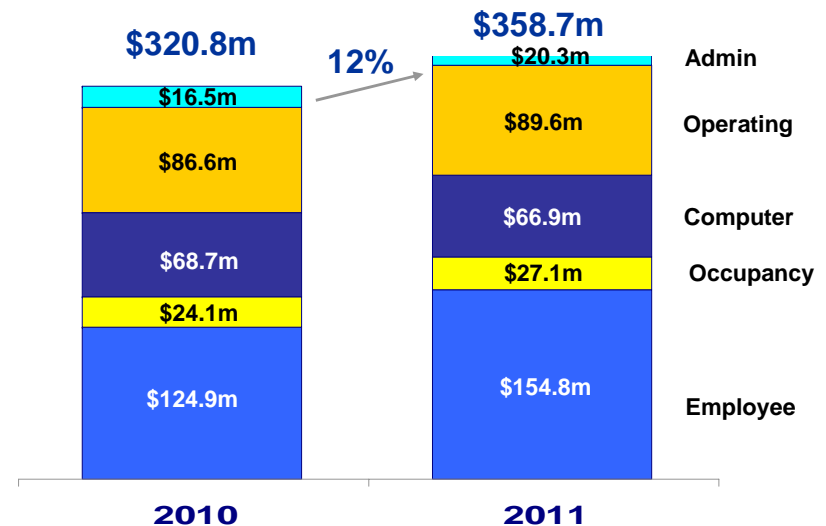
# Good expense disciplines

- Expense disciplines continue across the business. Positive jaws maintained while absorbing investment in acquisitions (excluding acquisitions 1% growth)

## Normalised Cost-to-income ratio\*



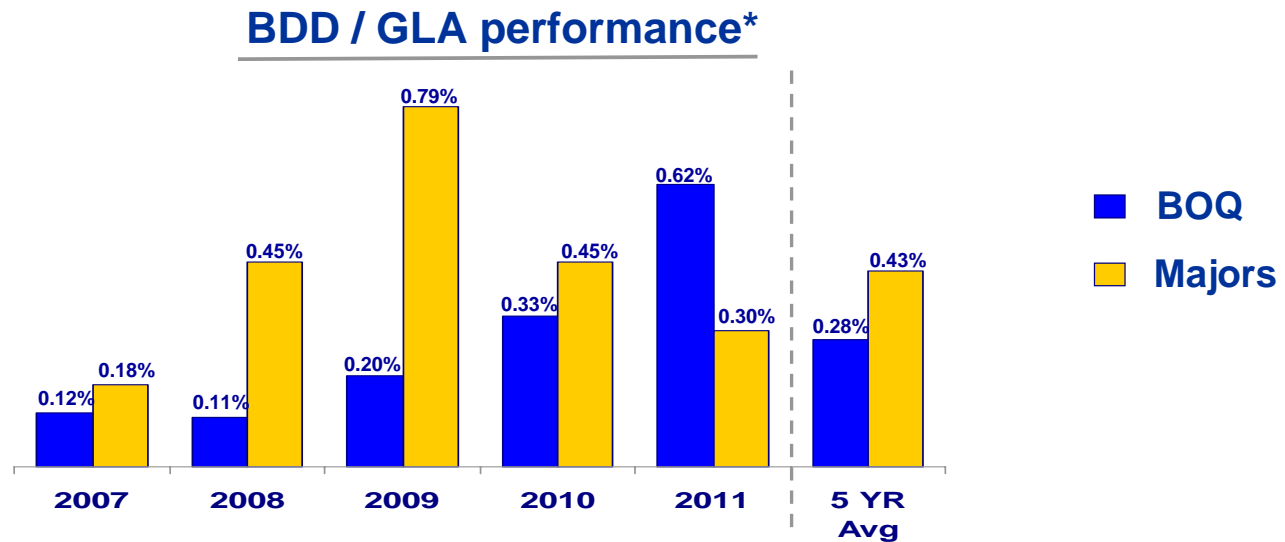
## Expenses\*





# Asset quality should return to industry trend

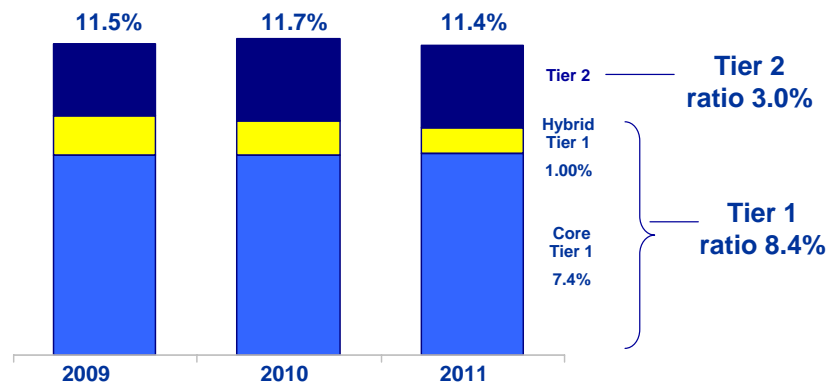
- ▶ High level of 2011 losses as a result of flood and economic overlays and 3 large exposures
- ▶ Overall level of bad debts well below major banks through the cycle



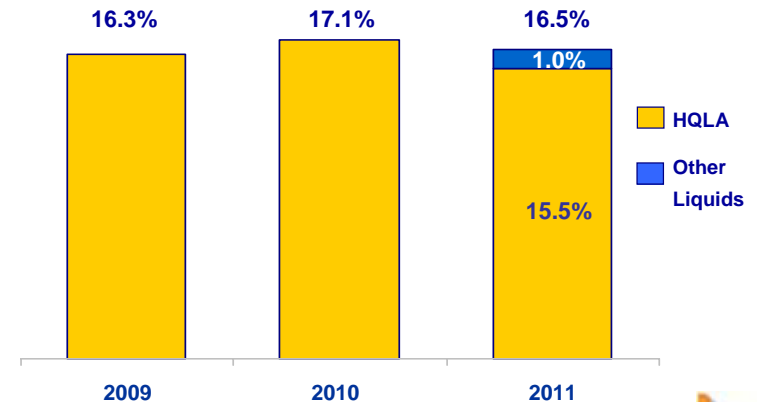
# Strong capital base and liquidity

- ▶ Tier 1 and total capital levels remain in excess of APRA and internal benchmarks, whilst absorbing impact of securitised assets coming back on balance sheet
- ▶ Conservative liquidity maintained above 15%, whilst paying down \$550m GG Debt

## Capital adequacy



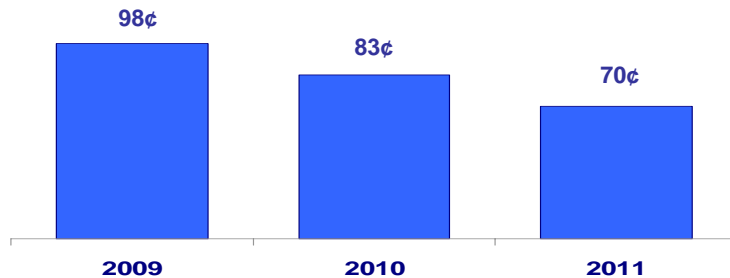
## Liquidity



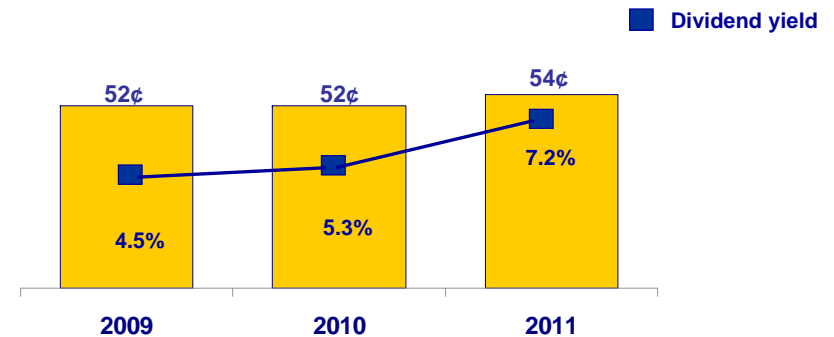
# Restarting dividend growth...

- ▶ Final dividend of 28¢ up 2¢ (or 8%) from pcp, bringing the full year dividend up to 54¢
- ▶ Spike in bad debts dilutes EPS during the period, but better organic capital generation provides platform for future dividend growth

## Earnings per share\*



## Dividends



# Financial results and portfolio details

*Ewan Cameron*

*Chief Financial Officer*



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# Delivering commitments on income growth and expense management

|   | 2010<br>\$m  | 2011<br>\$m  | % Change<br>vs pcp |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Total Income                            | 710.6        | 796.4        | 12%                |
| Adj: Normalisation & non-cash items     | (10.8)       | 9.7          |                    |
| <b>Normalised Total Income</b>          | <b>699.8</b> | <b>806.1</b> | <b>15%</b>         |
| Expenses                                | 348.3        | 374.1        | 7%                 |
| Adj: Normalisation & non-cash items     | (27.5)       | (15.4)       |                    |
| <b>Normalised Operating Expenses</b>    | <b>320.8</b> | <b>358.7</b> | <b>12%</b>         |
| <b>Underlying Profit</b>                | <b>379.0</b> | <b>447.4</b> | <b>18%</b>         |
| Impairment on loans and advances        | 104.2        | 200.5        | 92%                |
| <b>Statutory Profit After Tax</b>       | <b>181.9</b> | <b>158.7</b> | <b>(13)%</b>       |
| Adj: Normalisation & non-cash items     | 15.1         | 17.9         | 19%                |
| <b>Normalised cash profit after tax</b> | <b>197.0</b> | <b>176.6</b> | <b>(10)%</b>       |

- ▶ In line with market practice, a number of non-cash and non-recurring items have been normalised to better illustrate underlying performance
- ▶ Normalised underlying profit grew strongly at 18%, showing continued strength in the underlying business

# Normalisation items

- ▶ Summary of normalised income and expense items below

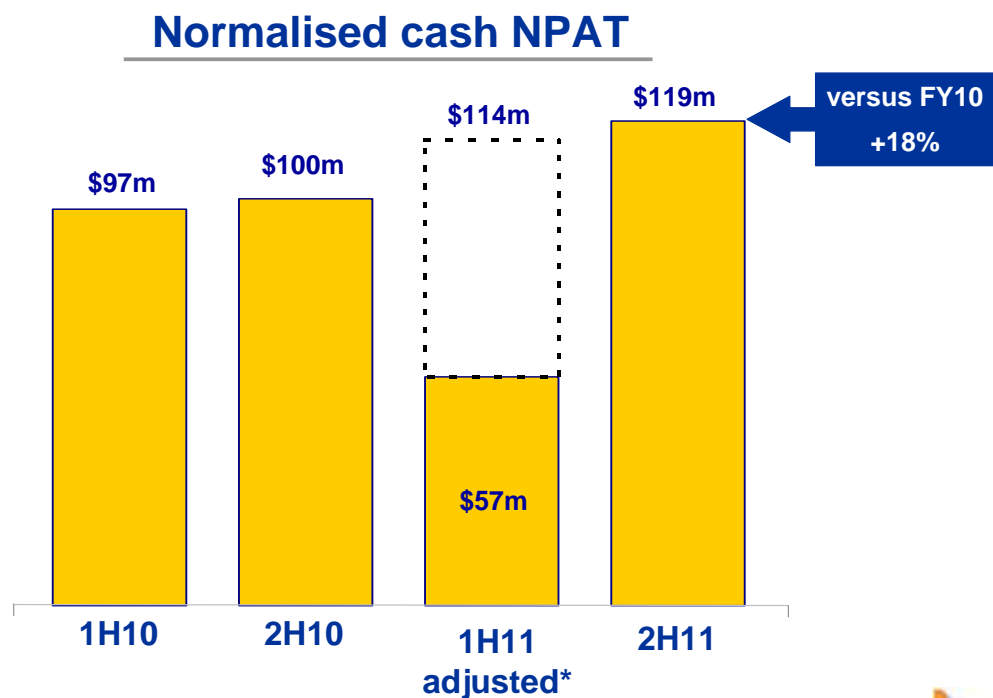
## Normalisation adjustments

|  | Income (\$m)<br>(before tax) | Expenses (\$m)<br>(before tax) | After tax |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Amortization of customer contracts     |                              | (8.4)                          | (6.2)     |
| Integration and due diligence costs    |                              | (5.9)                          | (4.1)     |
| Amortisation of fair value adjustments | (5.0)                        |                                | (3.5)     |
| Govt guarantee break fee               | (6.1)                        |                                | (4.3)     |
| Hedge ineffectiveness                  | 1.4                          |                                | 1.0       |
| Flood impact                           |                              | (1.1)                          | (0.8)     |
|  | (9.7)                        | (15.4)                         | (17.9)    |

**Net normalisation adjustments after tax: (\$17.9m)**

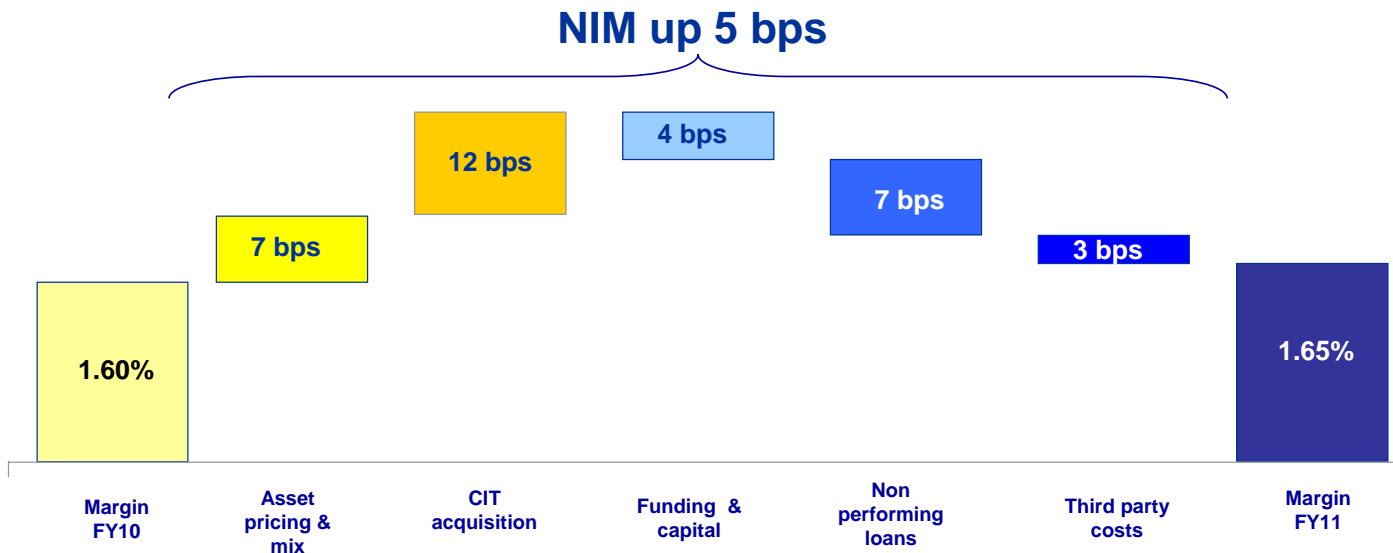
# Strong recovery in normalised cash NPAT as indicated by 1H11 trend

- ▶ Adjusting for flood provision and one-off losses on large exposures, cash NPAT increased 18%
- ▶ 2H11 Increase by 19% driven by acquisitions and loan growth



# Positive NIM Trend

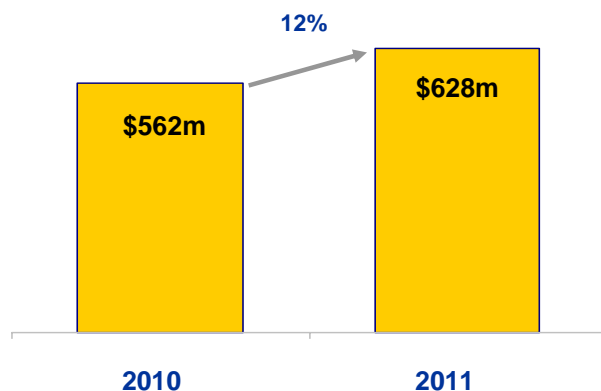
- ▶ On a normalised basis NIM\* increased 5bps through the year
- ▶ Increase in non-performing loans in line with increase in impaired asset balances





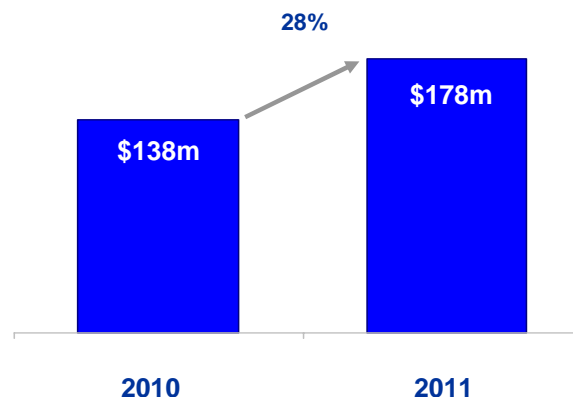
# Growth across both major income lines

## Net Interest Income



- ▶ Acquisition of CIT, combined with Asset Growth offset Non-Earning drag

## Non Interest Income

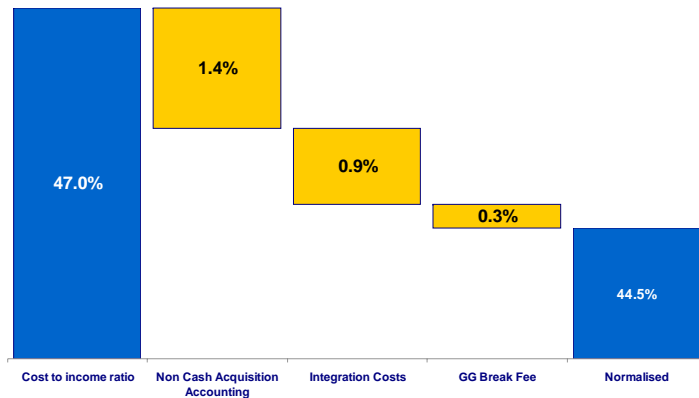


- ▶ FY11 Non Interest Income increased \$40m, or 28% year on year
- ▶ St Andrews acquisition contributed strongly to the result

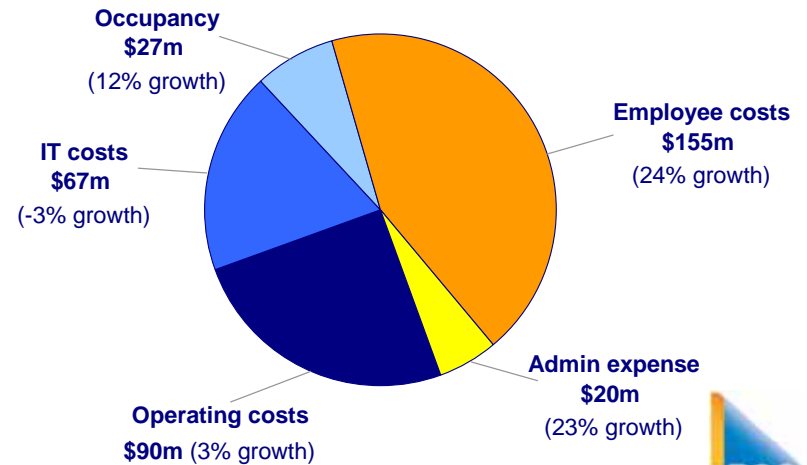
# Expense composition

- ▶ Cost initiatives implemented have created a more efficient and productive organisation
- ▶ Cost-to-income ratio target of sub 45% achieved, with delivery of increased capability from FY10 acquisitions

## Cost-to-income ratio



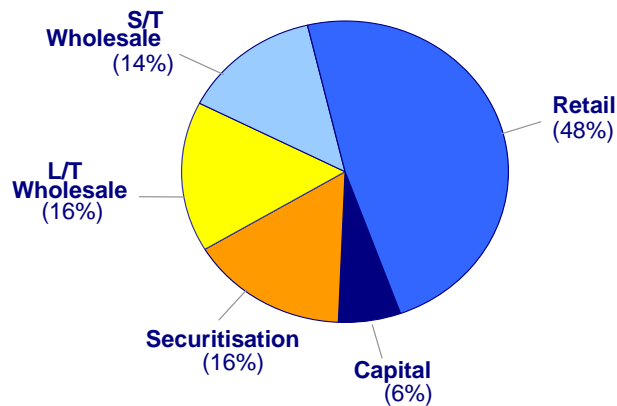
## Operating expenses



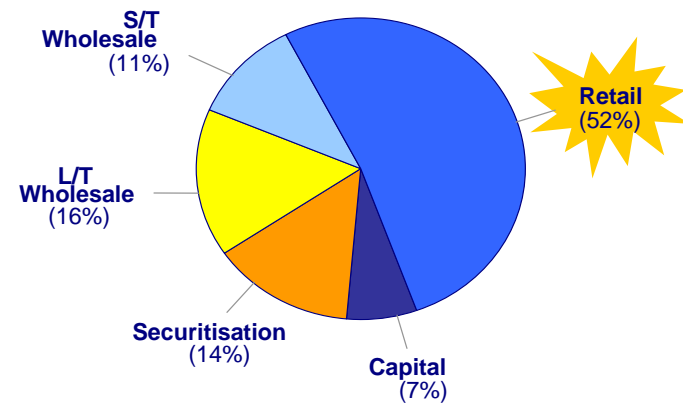
# Increasing Retail Deposits

- ▶ Core retail deposit growth, at 52% of Total Funding. On the path to 60%
- ▶ LT Wholesale proportion remains steady, reduction in ST wholesale and securitisation

**2010 Funding**

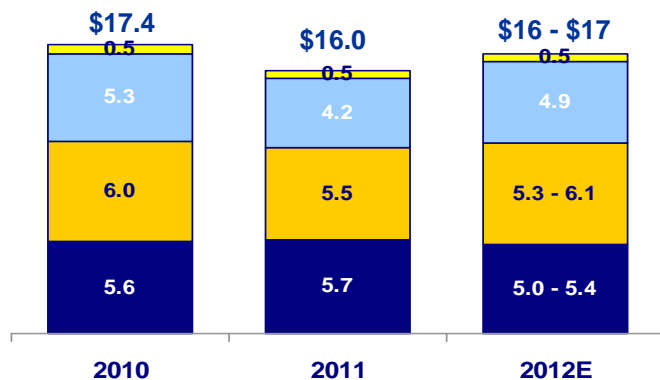


**2011 Funding**



# Wholesale funding task manageable

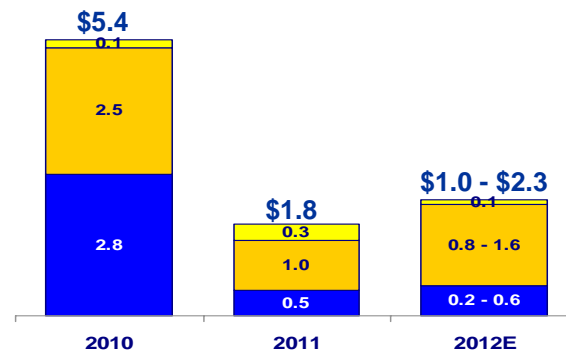
## Wholesale funding (\$b)



■ Long Term ■ Securitisation ■ Short Term ■ Sub Debt

- ▶ Wholesale funding reduced \$1.4bn during 2011 due to strong deposit growth
- ▶ Early redemption of \$0.5bn GG debt in May 2011 & maturity of \$0.5bn in Oct 2012
- ▶ Immaterial level of overseas funding

## Long term debt issuance (\$b)



■ Term Debt ■ Securitisation ■ Sub Debt

- ▶ Level of 2011 issuances below current capacity levels
- ▶ \$0.9b available in securitisation warehouses

# Portfolio Details

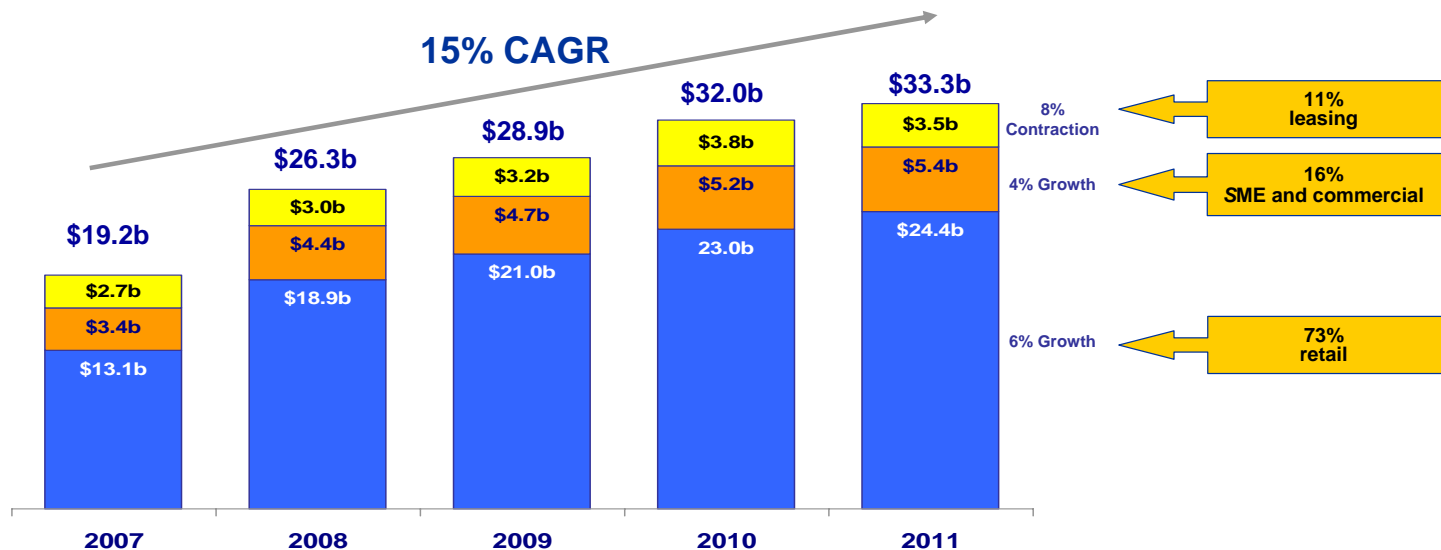
*Ewan Cameron*

*Chief Financial Officer*



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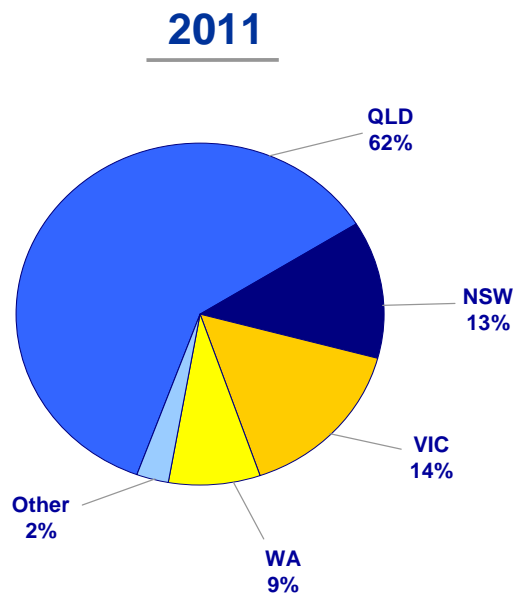
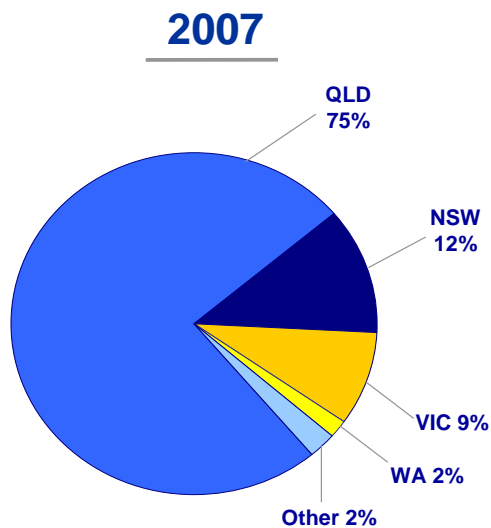
# Loans under management by product



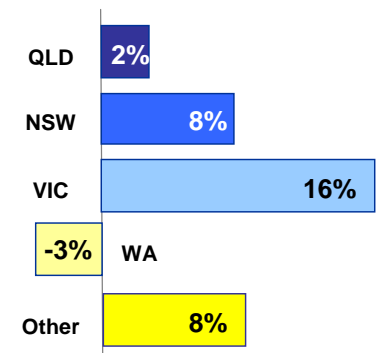
- ▶ Focus continues to remain towards retail mortgages and residentially secured SME lending, resulting in lower risk profile
- ▶ Leasing portfolio de-risking undertaken during FY11 to provide a stable foundation for future growth

# Geographic diversification continues

- ▶ Consistent trend of growing geographic diversity – less reliance on Queensland
- ▶ Strongest growth from interstate franchise, particularly VIC and NSW
- ▶ WA turnaround plan in place



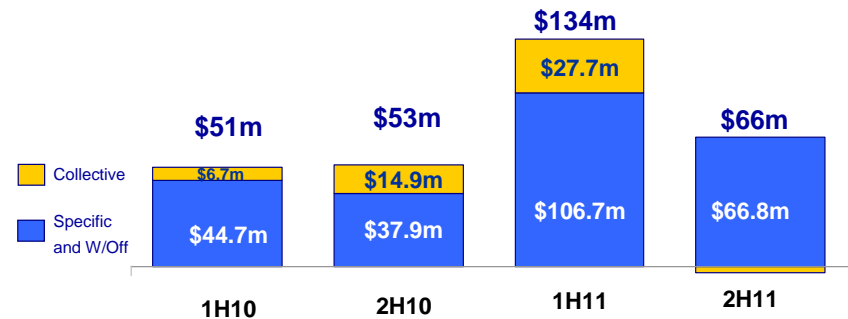
**FY11 – Growth rate %**



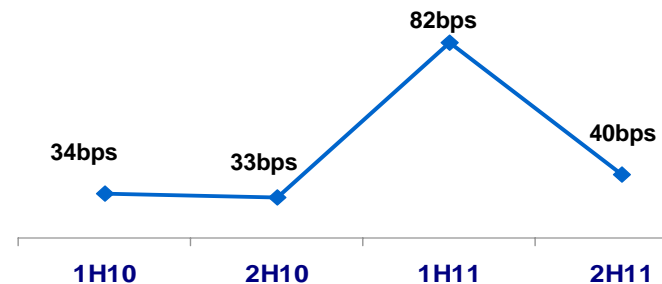
# Impairments stepping down from 1H11

- ▶ Impairment charges for the year at \$201m driven by 1H11 flood provision and large exposures
- ▶ 2H11 charges down \$68m from 1H11 to \$66m
- ▶ Significant strengthening of collective provisions, up \$27m in FY11 as a result of flood and general economic overlay taken in 1H11
- ▶ 1H11 collective balance preserved through improved methodology and property overlay

## Specific and collective expense (\$m)



## Impairment charge to gross loans (bps)

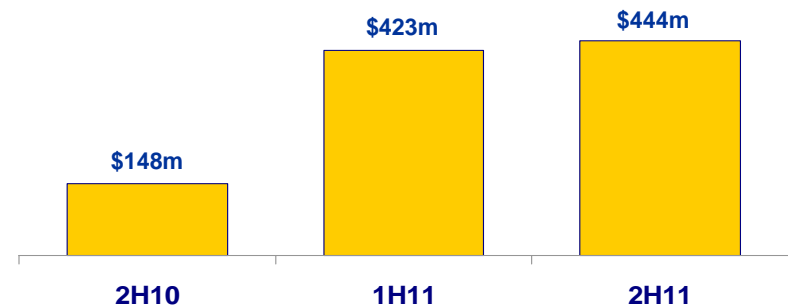




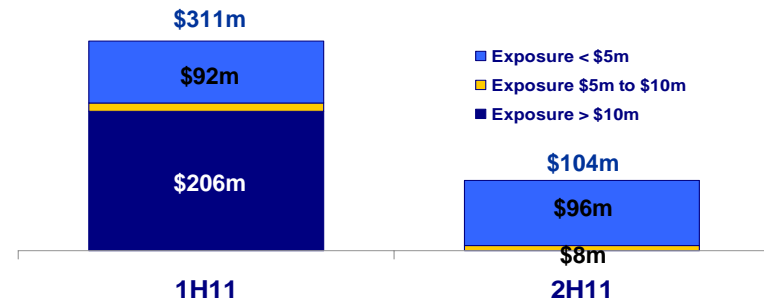
# Impaired loans stabilising

- ▶ Impaired loans increased by \$21m in 2H11, following \$275m increase in 1H11
- ▶ Significant reduction in new impaired; although levels still elevated as a result of increased arrears level seen during 2011
- ▶ 1H11 increase driven by large exposures; 4 exposures over \$20m & 2 over \$10m; for shopping centres and englobo land
- ▶ No new exposures over \$10m impaired in 2H11; largest \$8.1m
- ▶ Exit of impaired properties progressing well

## Total impaired loans



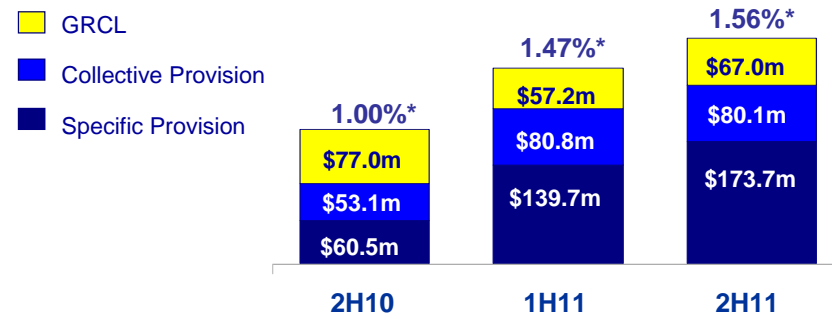
## New individual impaired loans



# Stronger provision coverage

- ▶ Increasing provision coverage, reflecting a more prudent approach
- ▶ Marginal increase in impaired during 2H11
- ▶ Specific provision coverage increasing from 33% to 39% during 2H11

## Provision Coverage



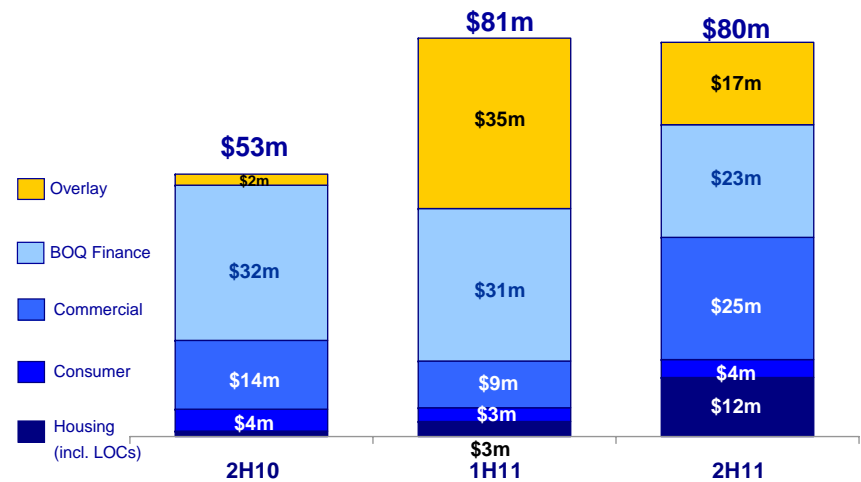
| <u>Portfolio metrics</u> | <u>2H10</u> | <u>1H11</u> | <u>2H11</u> |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Specific / Impaired      | 41%         | 33%         | 39%         |
| Collective / RWA         | 28bps       | 43bps       | 39bps       |
| GRCL / RWA               | 41bps       | 30bps       | 33bps       |

\* Total provisions / RWA. \*\* Collective Provision after tax effecting is added to the GRCL balance to arrive at 60bps of RWA.

# More robust collective coverage

- ▶ Collective provisions for FY2011 remain at \$80m following 1H11 flood and general economic overlay
- ▶ During 2H11, flood and general economic overlay migrated through to product collectives and more conservative methodologies, ensuring a more robust collective coverage (\$18m)
- ▶ Maintaining economic overlay against further potential valuation declines as Impaired are run-off (\$13m)

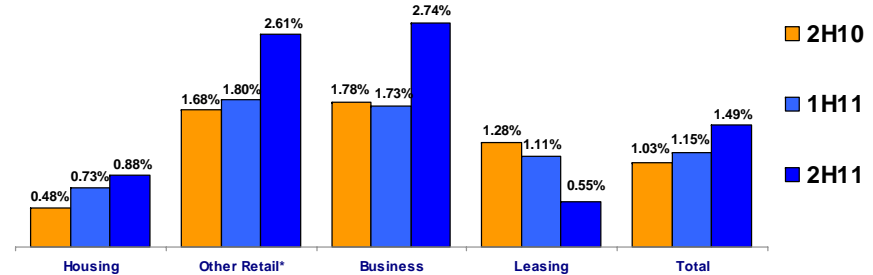
## Collective provision



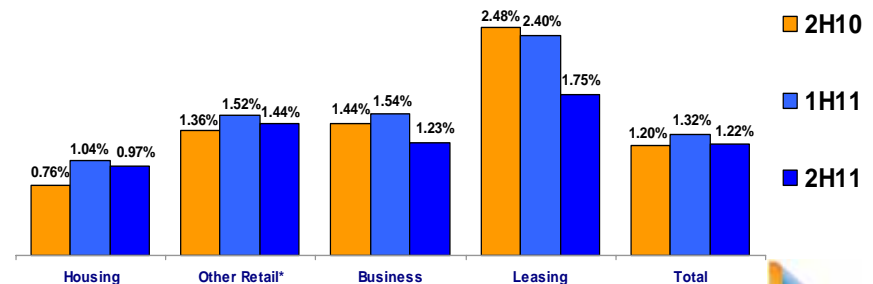
# Arrears management

- ▶ Collection strategy improvements initiated during 2H11 in the EF portfolio yielding dividend
- ▶ Uptick in 30+ & 90+ in Retail and Business lending following 2010 rate rise, holiday period & weather events
- ▶ Substantial increase in focus, including use of outsourced partners, beginning to show improvements since June

## Arrears 90 Day + by product

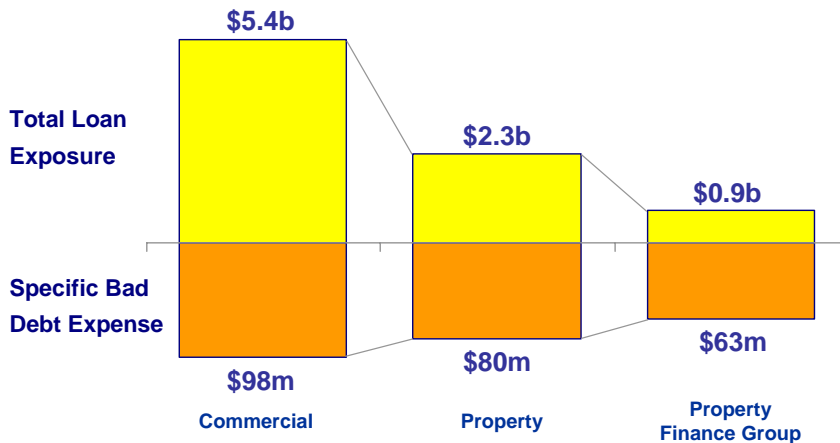


## Arrears 30-89 Days by product



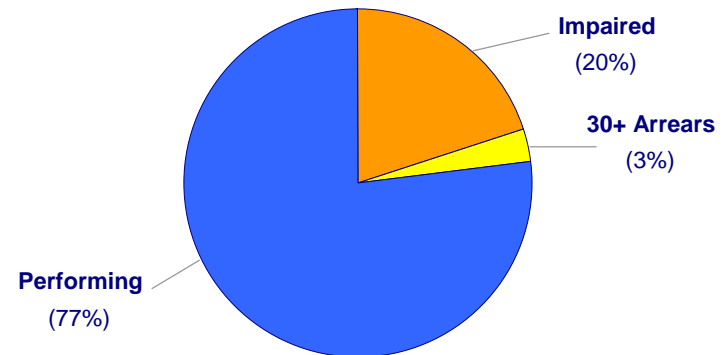
\*Other Retail includes Lines of Credit

# Small number of large exposures driving 2011 bad debts



- ▶ OMB network commercial origination well diversified and performing well (only \$19m bad debt losses or 64bps of loans)

## Property Finance Group

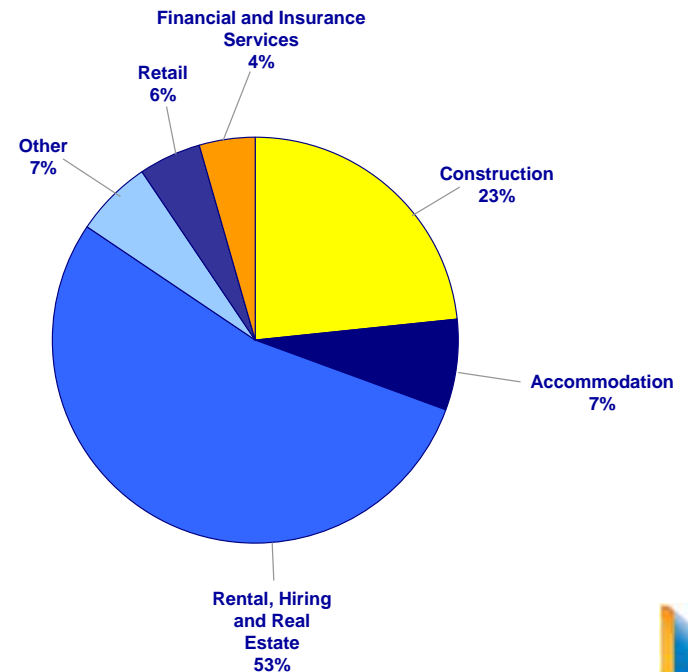


- ▶ 20% of book is impaired & well provided for. Remaining arrears accounts watched closely

# Large exposures

- ▶ The Bank has 21 relationships with exposures greater than \$20m. Down from 25 at FY10
- ▶ Total commitment exposure \$734m (drawn balance \$612m)
- ▶ 2% of total loans under management
- ▶ 11% Retail network originated
- ▶ Large exposures are concentrated in the Property & Construction sectors, accounting for 78% of large exposures
- ▶ 4 impaired exposures remain for ~\$180m

## Largest exposures by Industry group



# Strategy and outlook

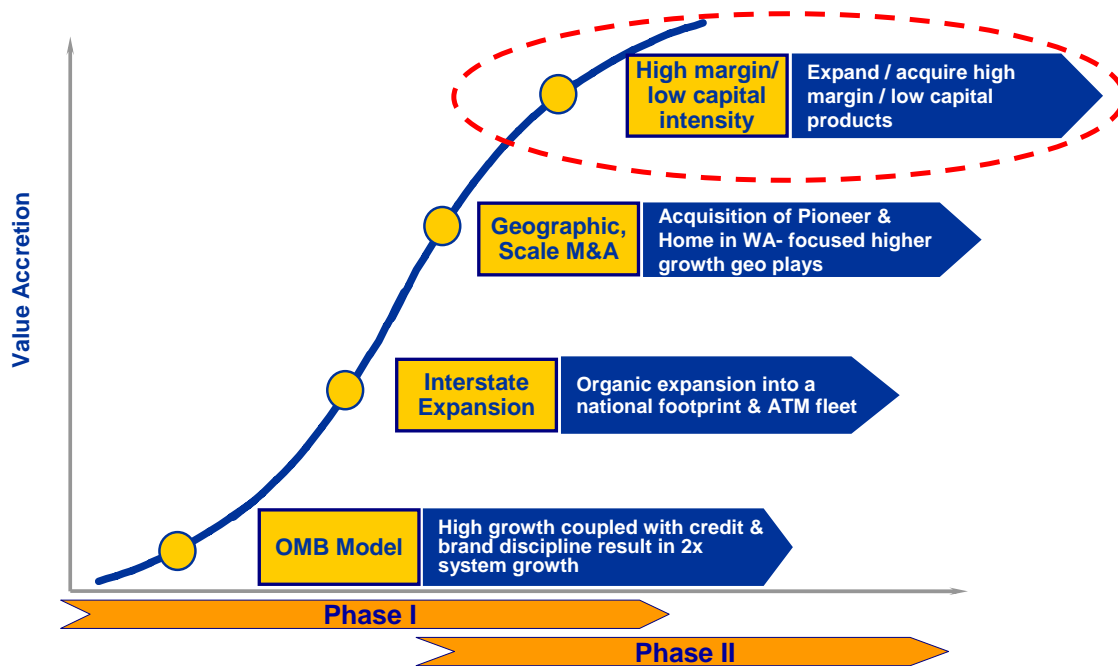
*Ram Kangatharan*

*Acting CEO and Chief Operating  
Officer*



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# Sticking to the plan



## FY11 Progress...

- ▶ 2 new divisions – BOQ Finance in Sydney and St Andrew's in Perth
- ▶ Merged \$3.1bn EF business and Debtor Finance business in to BOQ Finance
- ▶ 2 new divisions operating above 15% target ROE



# Operating model

- ▶ St Andrew's and CIT now fully transitioned and operating as stand-alone businesses
- ▶ BOQ is running three key business lines, 2 new divisions driving capital-lite & higher margin business



**Banking**



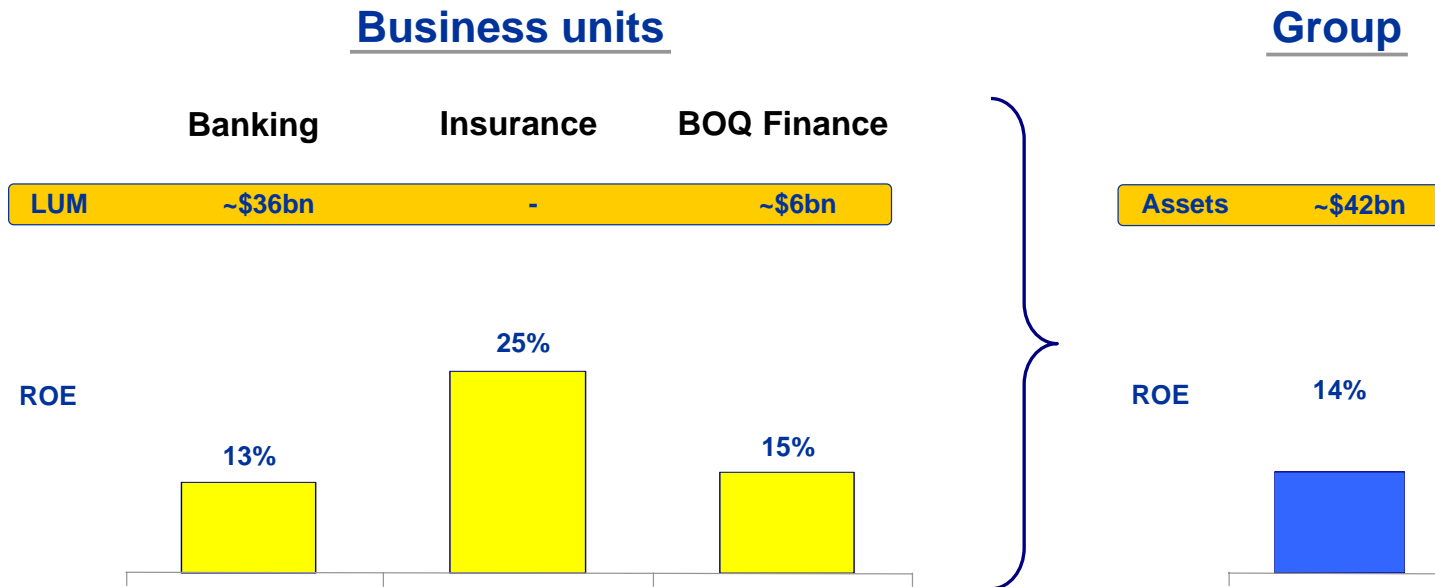
**Finance**



**Insurance**

- ▶ Combined ROE for the acquired businesses is ~35% vs. forecast of 25%; ~\$70m of \$105m of deployed capital paid back in the first 14 months
- ▶ FY12 focus on completing the build out of the BOQ Finance business, diversifying the St Andrew's business organically and further enhancing our Banking cross sale capability

# Shifting the ROE profile of the BOQ group... pathway to FY14



- ▶ The new business units have introduced positive impetus to the group ROE and transform the profitability & organic growth profile of the Group

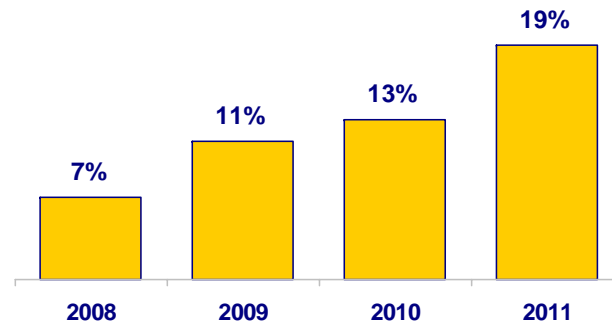
# Cross sales critical link

In a lower credit growth environment, the OMB model is being repositioned to continue its lending outperformance, but also to drive cross sales:

- ▶ Low cost sticky deposits → New Day 2 Day Plus account performing well
- ▶ Mortgage protection → Premiums increase 31% vs FY10;

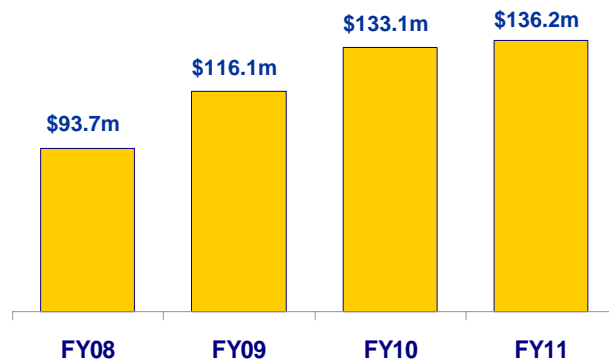
A new incentive scheme implemented in Dec 2010 has seen a dramatic improvement in a range of performance metrics, including cross sales →

## Mortgage protection strike rate



# OMB Network resilience grows...

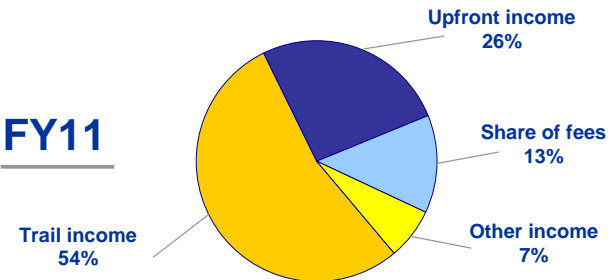
## Total OMB commissions



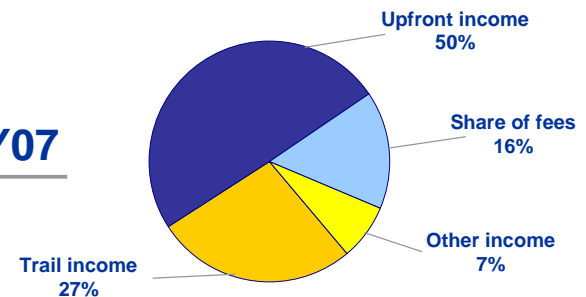
- ▶ Total OMB commission payments continue to increase, driven by existing balance sheet
- ▶ OMB network originations well diversified and performing well

## OMB income split

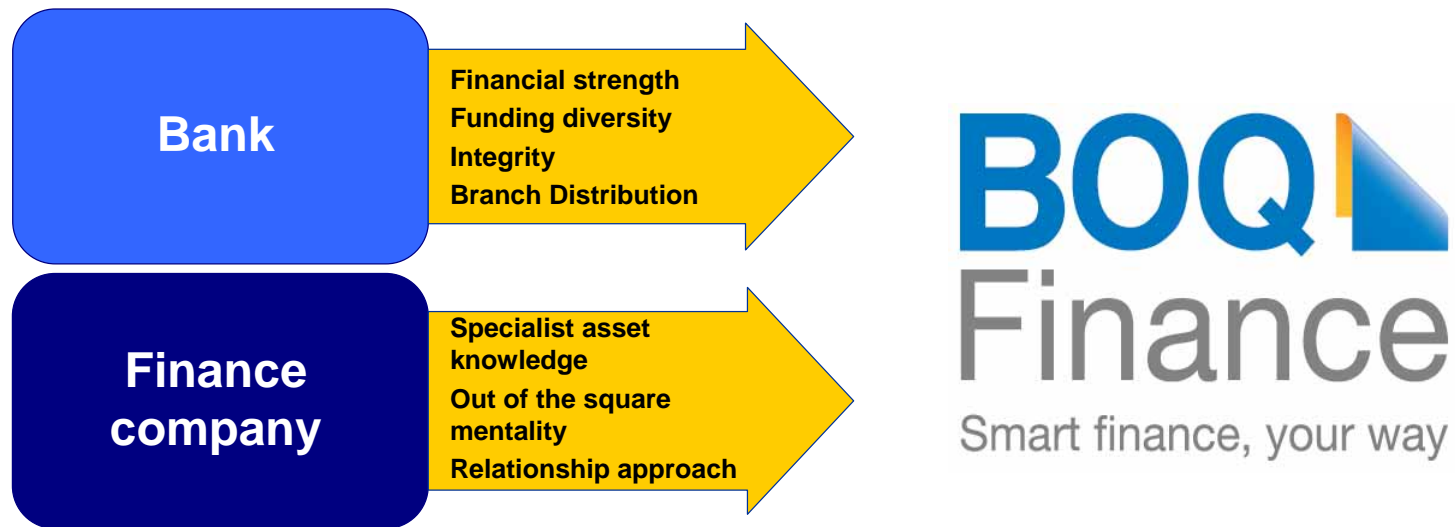
FY11



FY07



# BOQ Finance – a specialist Asset Finance company



Combines the best of being a Bank and a Finance company

# Clear competitive advantages

## Competitor categories

### BOQ Finance advantages

**Major  
Banks**

Specialised  
asset & risk  
knowledge

Out of the  
square  
mentality

Integrity

Financial  
Strength

**Small  
Finance  
Companies**

Equipment

Motor  
vehicle

Dealer  
Finance

Vendor  
Finance

**BOQ**  
Finance  
Smart finance, your way

Relationship  
approach

Local OMB  
Distribution

Funding

Product  
Breadth

**International  
Finance  
Companies**

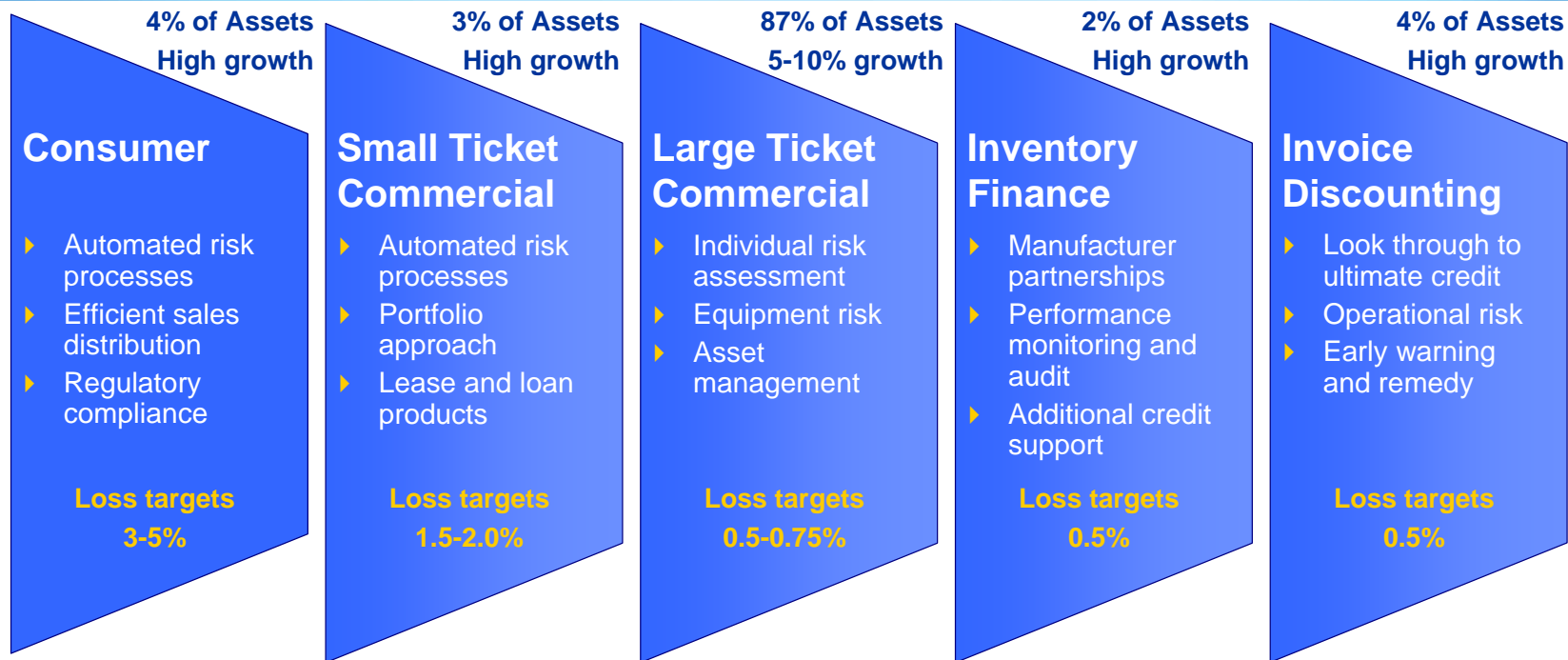
**Captive  
Finance  
Companies**

# BOQ Finance - Key success factors



Key competencies provide stable return with better risk & asset management

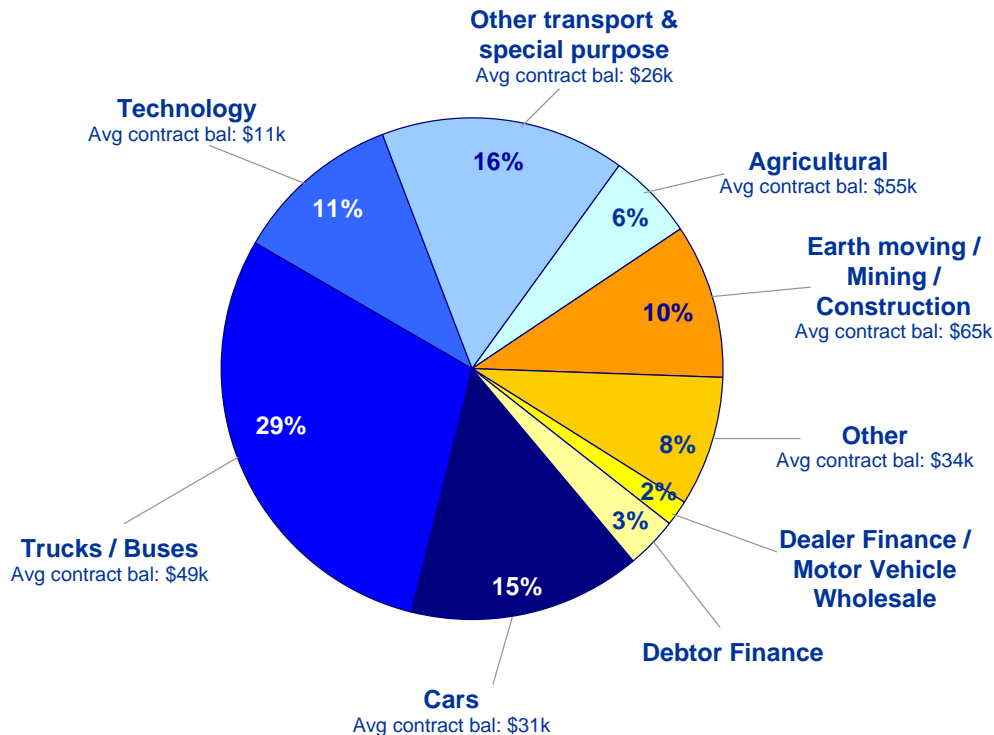
# Comprehensive risk capabilities



Pricing reflects risk profile and operating costs in each category



# BOQ Finance security & risk profile



- ▶ 30% of contract volumes in Technology, smaller tickets means only 11% of portfolio
- ▶ 137 exposures in EF & VF over \$1.5m (total \$370m)
- ▶ Debtor finance 109 exposures with limits >\$1m total \$184m drawdown \$84m
- ▶ Dealer & MVF has 25 exposures between \$1m & \$6m

# St Andrew's update



- ▶ ~90% of the full acquisition cost of the business has already been repaid via dividend payments (< 14 months)
- ▶ Discussions progressing with several potential corporate partners
- ▶ BOQ account St Andrew's premium growth 31% vs FY10
- ▶ Product diversification strategies being implemented
- ▶ Cost-to-income ratio in the low 30% range
- ▶ Business continues to keep a lookout for complimentary acquisition opportunities

# Summary

- ▶ FY11 strong underlying result, despite challenging economic climate & weather events
- ▶ FY12 is a turnaround year for BOQ Group
  - ▶ Growth of 1.5x system; with good risk/reward disciplines
  - ▶ BOQ Finance positioned for expansion maintaining 15% ROE returns
  - ▶ Cost disciplines now part of the DNA, but no step change planned
  - ▶ OMB Network quality origination and growth track record proven
  - ▶ Acquisitions in July '10 expected to be fully paid back in FY12 and organic capital generation sufficient for expected growth and small bolt-ons
  - ▶ Provisions coverage strengthened to cope with adverse market conditions
  - ▶ Confidence in the underlying earnings momentum.... Returning to dividend growth



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# Appendix

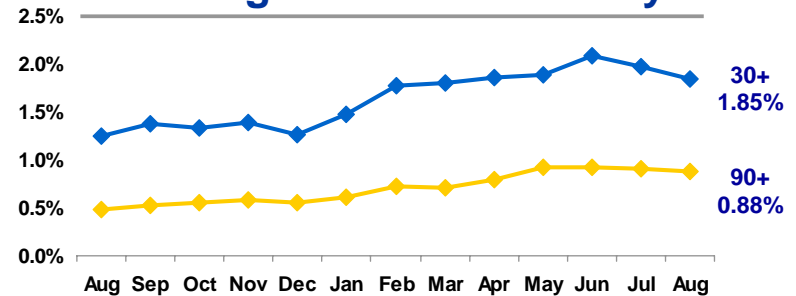


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# Housing portfolio

- ▶ Geographic diversification strategy into other states continues
- ▶ Execution of collection strategy change in Q4, resulting in reducing 30 days trend
- ▶ Increase in 30+ reversed with 90+ arrears starting to show improvement
- ▶ Modest increase in repossessed homes; Softness in valuations increasing level of impaired assets
- ▶ Increased collective provision coverage

## Housing arrears 30 / 90 Days

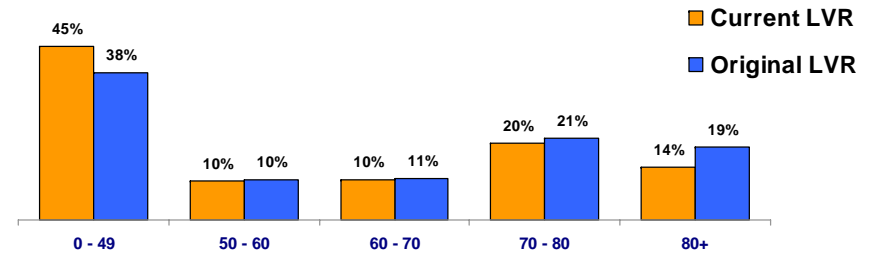


| <u>Portfolio metrics</u>        | <u>2H10</u> | <u>1H11</u> | <u>2H11</u> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Portfolio size (\$b)            | 16.7        | 17.5        | 18.4        |
| Impaired (\$m)                  | 22.5        | 59.1        | 61.6        |
| Impaired %                      | 0.14%       | 0.34%       | 0.34%       |
| Specific BDD expense (\$m)      | 3.8         | 10.3        | 10.7        |
| Specific BDD / Portfolio (%Ann) | 0.05%       | 0.12%       | 0.12%       |
| Specific provisions (\$m)       | 4.1         | 12.3        | 16.9        |
| Collective provisions (\$m)     | 1.1         | 2.0         | 6.5         |
| Total provision coverage        | 0.03%       | 0.08%       | 0.13%       |

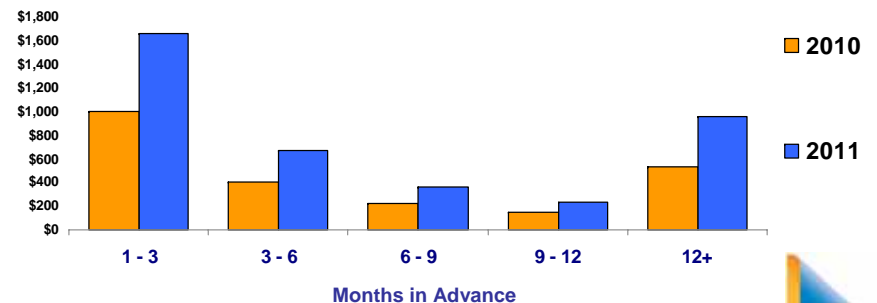
# Strong mortgage book

- ▶ The Bank's mortgage book is in a strong position. 56% of the book has an LVR of less than 60%
- ▶ Mortgages typically secured by the property and by Lenders Mortgage Insurance (LMI) if the LVR is over 80% for regular loans, or 60% for low document loans
- ▶ As more customers come into advance, the overall LVR of the mortgage book is improving

## LVR Band



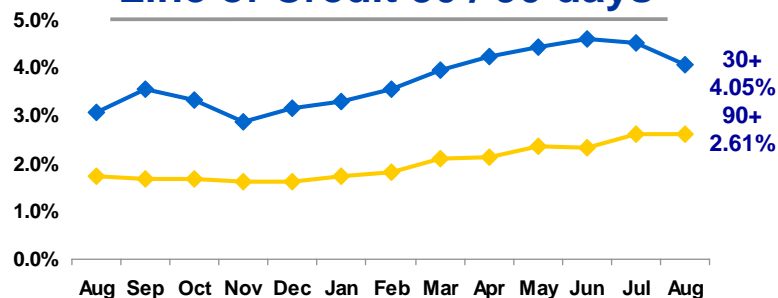
## Loans in advance



# Lines of Credit portfolio

- ▶ Majority of 'Other retail' is Lines of Credit, secured by residential property
- ▶ Increase in arrears more amplified than home loans as measurement is 'time over limit'
- ▶ Same collection strategies as Home Loans resulting in improvement more immediate in 30+
- ▶ 90+ will take longer to improve; payment plans in place

### Line of Credit 30 / 90 days



| Portfolio metrics               | 2H10  | 1H11  | 2H11  |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Portfolio size (\$b)            | 5.7   | 5.7   | 5.5   |
| Impaired (\$m)                  | 7.0   | 23.5  | 27.7  |
| Impaired %                      | 0.12% | 0.41% | 0.50% |
| Specific BDD expense            | 0.5   | 4.8   | 7.5   |
| Specific BDD / Portfolio (%Ann) | 0.02% | 0.17% | 0.27% |
| Specific provisions (\$m)       | 3.0   | 5.3   | 10.7  |
| Collective provision (\$m)      | 0.1   | 1.0   | 5.4   |
| Total provision coverage        | 0.05% | 0.11% | 0.29% |

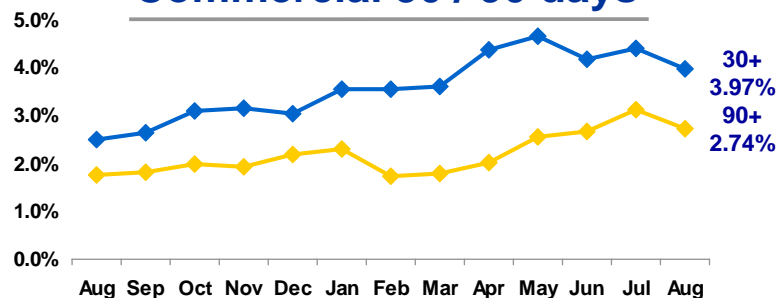




# Commercial portfolio

- ▶ Commercial 30+ arrears has reduced by 70bps since May 11 peak
- ▶ 4 large exposures contribute ~50% of the commercial impaireds and provisions, and are concentrated in property
- ▶ \$13m overlay for property valuations
- ▶ Achieved reduction in impaired assets in 2H11; asset management and exit strategies underway

## Commercial 30 / 90 days

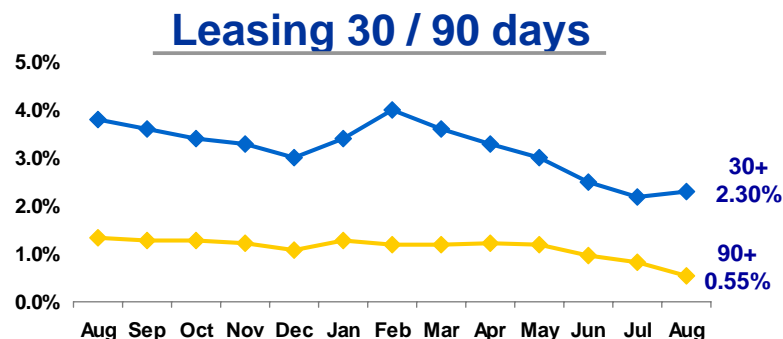


| Portfolio metrics               | 2H10  | 1H11  | 2H11  |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Portfolio size (\$b)            | 5.2   | 5.2   | 5.4   |
| Impaired (\$m)                  | 90.5  | 337.1 | 325.0 |
| Impaired %                      | 1.73% | 6.42% | 6.05% |
| Specific BDD expense (\$m)      | 12.5  | 70.8  | 26.9  |
| Specific BDD / Portfolio (%Ann) | 0.48% | 2.70% | 1.00% |
| Specific provisions (\$m)       | 41.5  | 91.3  | 125.0 |
| Collective provisions (\$m)     | 13.9  | 9.3   | 24.8  |
| Total provision coverage        | 1.06% | 1.92% | 2.79% |



# Leasing portfolio continues to improve

- ▶ 50%+ reduction in 90+ arrears from August 2010, demonstrating effectiveness of 2010 collection strategy, and impact of risk appetite setting through origination strategy from 2010
- ▶ Bad debts expense in line with SME leasing portfolio over the cycle
- ▶ Impaired assets moving quickly; high levels of provision coverage



| Portfolio metrics               | 2H10  | 1H11  | 2H11  |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Portfolio size (\$b)            | 3.8   | 3.6   | 3.6   |
| Impaired (\$m)                  | 25.3  | 15.7  | 28.4  |
| Impaired %                      | 0.67% | 0.43% | 0.80% |
| Specific BDD expense (\$m)      | 20.7  | 19.0  | 23.5  |
| Specific BDD / portfolio (%Ann) | 1.09% | 1.05% | 1.32% |
| Total BDD / portfolio (%Ann)    | 1.48% | 1.22% | 0.60% |
| Specific provisions (\$m)       | 9.5   | 10.9  | 19.3  |
| Collective provisions (\$m)     | 31.6  | 31.1  | 22.8  |
| Total provision coverage        | 1.08% | 1.16% | 1.18% |





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